## infoblox.

DEPLOYMENT GUIDE

## Implementing TIDE Feeds into Palo Alto Networks Firewalls

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## Introduction

Infoblox Threat Intelligence Data Exchange (TIDE) leverages highly accurate machine-readable threat intelligence (MRTI) data to aggregate and selectively distribute data across a broad range of security infrastructure. The threat intelligence team curates, normalizes, and refines the high quality threat data to minimize false positives. Our threat feeds begin with information gained from native investigations and harvesting techniques. We then combine them with verified and observed data from trusted partners including government agencies, academics, several premier Internet infrastructure providers, and law enforcement. The end result is a highly refined feed with a very low historical false-positive rate.

This deployment guide shows how to incorporate the feeds into a Palo Alto Networks Firewall.

## Infoblox Threat Intelligence Data Exchange Feeds

Infoblox provides the following feeds from the BloxOne Threat Defense website:

- IP list this is a list of IP addresses that have been found to be malicious.
- Domain list this is a list of domains that have been found to be malicious.
- URL list this is a list of URLs that have been found to be malicious.

## Requirements

The following items are required to incorporate the Infoblox TIDE feeds into the Palo Alto Networks Firewall:

- Palo Alto Networks Firewall with Threat Protection and URL filtering licenses.
- Access to the Infoblox TIDE website to download the Threat Data feeds.
- A VM (virtual machine) or workstation to modify the feeds per the Palo Alto Networks data formats. Per the 'Formatting Guidelines for an External Dynamic List' section in the PAN OS Administrator's Guide for Formatting Information:
  - Remove the quotes.
  - Remove the field headers (i.e. IP, URL, host).
  - Remove HTTP:// and HTTPS:// from the URLs.
  - Here is a same SED command for removing the items above in the feeds:
    - sed -e 's/^ip\$//' -e 's/^url\$//' -e 's/^host\$//' -e '/^\s\*\$/d' -e 's/"//g' -e 's#http://##g' -e 's#https://##g'

## **Tested Hardware and Software**

- Palo Alto Networks Firewall model PA-VM.
- PAN OS version 11.0.1.

## Sample Test Network for importing data feeds into Palo Alto firewall



Data is downloaded to the workstation to be modified per the formatting requirements. The workstation must run a webserver for the Palo Alto firewall to access the feeds. The Palo Alto firewall then downloads the newly formatted data using External Dynamic Lists.

## **Deployment Summary**

- Obtain API key from Infoblox's Cloud Services Portal.
- View TIDE filters and generate API call.
- Use CURL to download feeds and modify the files for importing into Palo Alto firewall
- Create External Dynamic Lists for: IP address, Domains, and/or URLs.
- Create an Anti-Spyware entry for the domain list.
- Create a URL Filtering entry for the URL list.
- Create a policy for the IP list.
- Create a policy for the domain list and URL list.

### **Deployment Instructions**

#### **Obtain API Key from Infoblox's Cloud Services Portal**

You will need a BloxOne Threat Defense Advanced API key to pull the TIDE feeds via the REST API. You can access this key through the Cloud Services Portal (CSP).

To access your API key:

- 1. Log in to the CSP at <u>https://csp.infoblox.com</u>
- 2. Upon logging in, hover over your username in the bottom-left corner and select User Profile.



3. Navigate to the User API Keys tab



- 4. Click **Create** to create a new API Key.
- 5. In the Create User API Key dialog box. Input a Name and an expiration date for the API Key.

Create Us	er API Key		
*Name	TIDE-API-Key		ED AT
Expires at	06/30/23 08:52 am		
Cancel		Save & Close	

- 6. Click Save & Close to confirm the creation of the API Key.
- 7. A dialog box containing the new API Key will be shown. Click Copy to copy your API key to your clipboard. Paste it somewhere you can easily access and then copy from later, such as Notepad. This will be the key you use in CURL.

	<b>API Access Key Generated</b> Please copy this API Key as this is the only time you are able to view it.	
	44	<mark>c1</mark>
Close		Сору

#### View TIDE filters and Generate API call

Infoblox TIDE provides many filters to choose from depending on your needs. This section shows you an overview of the filters and how to retrieve the appropriate API call to grab these feeds for downloads.

To View the filters, navigate to "**Research / Active Indicators**" – You can use the "**Apply Indicators**" to view the different Data types.

You can then **Generate the API Request**. As an example, for the IP List, we'll first Clear all the Categories, then select only the Data Type IP, then click on "Apply Filter", then click on Generate API Request.

înfoblox. 🧳			8 (0)
<ul> <li>Dashboard</li> <li>Manage</li> <li>Policies</li> <li>Dependent</li> </ul>	Filter Apply Filter	Export  Generate API Request Search	
Research	Data Type	Generate API Request	
Dossier	Select all Clear		
<ul> <li>Active Indicators</li> </ul>	Email (4)	curl-X GET-H "Authorization: Token token= <api_key>" "https://csp.infoblox.com/tide/api/data/threats? type=host&amp;type=in&amp;type=url&amp;type=email&amp;type=hash"</api_key>	
Resources	✓ Hash (8,294)		
Threat Lab	<b>Host</b> (19,574,291)	ОК	
谷本 Administration	✓ IP (143,124)	sin	
	<b>URL</b> (240,667)	setnewcred.ukr. HOST Uncategorize Uncategorize 2023-05-19T AISCOMM 80	_
	Threat Class/Property		
	Select all Clear	maliciousnames HOST MaliciousNa MaliciousNa 2017-07-24T AISCOMM 100	
	<ul> <li>✓ ► APT (8,213)</li> <li>✓ ► Bot (5)</li> </ul>	apt.eicar.networ HOST APT APT_Generic 2017-07-24T AISCOMM 100	
	<ul> <li>CompromisedDomain (2)</li> <li>CompromisedHost (9)</li> </ul>	malwarec2.eical HOST MalwareC2 MalwareC2 2017-07-24T AISCOMM 100	
	<ul> <li>Cryptocurrency (1,988)</li> <li>Show more</li> </ul>	packinstall.kozo HOST Uncategorize Uncategorize 2023-05-19T AISCOMM 80	

Be sure to Copy the URL and save it for the next step. Repeat the process using the Data Type "**Host**" (this will provide the Domain List) and Date Type "**URL**". Be sure to '**Apply Filter**' after each step to generate the correct API request.

# Use CURL to download feed(s) and modify the files for importing into Palo Alto firewall

Notes:

- Replace [API Token] below with Token retrieved from Step #1 above.
- In this example we're using CSV file format for downloading but JSON and XML formats are also supported.
- There is a maximum of 10k objects that can be downloaded so it is best to specify the limit (in this example we're only downloading the first 100).
- We're using the simple command line tools of 'grep', 'sed' and 'awk' to format the files to import into Palo Alto.

IP List

\$curl -k -i -H "Authorization: Token [API Token]î "https://csp.infoblox.com/tide/api/data/threats?type=ip&rlimit=100&data\_format=csv" >ip\_list.csv

\$grep IP ip\_list.csv | awk -F"," '{print \$4}' > ip\_list

Domain List

\$curl -k -i -H "Authorization: [API Token]î "https://csp.infoblox.com/tide/api/data/threats?type=host&rlimit=100&data\_format=csv" >hosts.csv

\$grep HOST hosts.csv | awk -F"," '{print \$6}' > domains

URL List

\$curl -k -i -H "Authorization: Token [API Token]î "https://csp.infoblox.com/tide/api/data/threats?type=url&rlimit=100&data\_format=csv" >urls.csv

\$grep URL urls.csv | awk -F"," '{print \$5}' | sed -e 's/^http:\/\///g' -e 's/^https:\/\///g' -e 's/^ftp:\/\///g' > urls

cat urls | sed ' | s| | |' > urls.txt

Note: Run the command above if you wish to add a trailing slash (/) to domain entries (example.com) in your URL Lists to ensure that the firewall treats them as exact matches. If you do not append a trailing slash, you may block or allow more URLs than intended. For example, xyz.com (without a trailing slash), matches any URL beginning with the xyz domain, such as xyz.com.test.site. If you enter the URL as xyz.com/ (with a trailing slash), the firewall matches exactly xyz.com and its subdirectories.

#### **Creating External Dynamic Lists**

1. Log in to the Palo Alto Networks Firewall GUI.

🚺 PA-VM	DASHBOARD ACC	MONITOR POLICI	ES OBJECTS NE	TWORK DEVICE	Commit ∨	]   ि ₽• Q		
					Ν	1anual 🗸 G 🕐		
📮 Addresses 🔹 🔾						5 items $\rightarrow$ $\times$		
Address Groups	NAME	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	SOURCE	CERTIFICATE PROFILE	FREQUENCY		
Regions	Dynamic IP Lists		1	1	1			
Bynamic User Groups			10 11 11 11					
Applications	J Palo Alto Networks - Tor exit IP addresses	Predefined	IP addresses supplied by multiple providers and	Palo Alto Networks - Tor exit IP addresses				
			Validated with Palo Alto Networks threat intelligence					
Application Filters			data as active Tor exit nodes. Traffic from Tor exit nodes					
Services	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		can serve a legitimate					
		disproportionately associated with malicious						
			activity, especially in					
V 🚱 GlobalProtect	Dala Alta Naturatio	Dradofinad	ID addresses that are	Pala Alta Naturalia				
I HIP Objects	Bulletproof IP addresses	Fleuenneu	provided by bulletproof	Bulletproof IP addresses				
HIP Profiles			hosting providers. Because bulletproof hosting					
🐼 External Dynamic Lists			restrictions on content,					
V o Custom Objects			attackers can use these services to host and					
Data Patterns			distribute malicious, illegal, and unethical material.					
反 Spyware	Palo Alto Networks - High	Predefined	IP addresses that have	Palo Alto Networks - High				
🤨 Vulnerability	risk IP addresses		recently been featured in	risk IP addresses				
			distributed by high-trust organizations. However,					
<ul> <li>Security Profiles</li> </ul>			Palo Alto Networks does not have direct evidence of					
Antivirus •			maliciousness for these IP					
Anti-Spyware	Pala Alto Natworks - Karwa	Prodofinad	IB addresses that are	Pala Alta Naturalia - Kasura				
Ulnerability Protection	malicious IP addresses	Freuenmed	currently used almost	malicious IP addresses				
G File Blocking	Add 😑 Delete 💿 Clone	DF/CSV T Move	Top ↑ Move Up 👃 Mo	ve Down 🚽 Move Botton	n 📩 Import Now 🗔 List	t Capacities 🔽 Group By Ty		

2. Navigate to **Objects**  $\rightarrow$  **External Dynamic Lists**.

3. Click on the Add button to add an External Dynamic List entry.

- a. Enter the Name of the External Dynamic List.
- b. Select the type of list. Choices are: IP List, Domain List, and URL List.
- c. Enter a **Description**.
- d. Enter the **URL Source**. For example, http://<IP address or FQDN>/tide\_url.txt. HTTP and HTTPS are supported.
- e. Select the **download interval** via the **Repeat** dropdown. Choices are: hourly, five minute, daily, weekly, or monthly.
- f. Click OK.
- g. You can test the source **URL** to ensure connectivity. If the test fails, then there is either a network connectivity problem or there is a data format problem.

External Dynamic Lists							
Name							
Create List	t Entries And Exceptions						
Туре	IP List	$\vee$					
Description							
Source	http://						
Server Authenticat	ion						
Certificate Profile	None	~					
Check for updates	Hourly						
Test Source URL	)	OK Cancel					

4. Click the **Commit** button.

#### **Create DNS Sinkholing entry for the domain list**

1. Navigate to **Objects**  $\rightarrow$  **Security Profiles**  $\rightarrow$  **Anti-Spyware**.

🔶 PA-VM			DASHBOARD	ACC	MONI	TOR POLIC	IES OBJECTS	NETWORK	DEVICE			Commit 🗸	î= 1=∓- Q	
													G (?	
📮 Addresses		Q											3 items $ ightarrow  imes$	
🗟 Address Groups			NAME	LOCATION	1	COUNT	POLICY NAME	THREAT NAME	SEVERITY	ACTION	PACKET CAPTURE			
😤 Dynamic User Groups			default	Predefined		Policies: 4	simple-critical	any	critical	default	disable			
Applications							simple-high	any	high	default	disable			
Generation Groups							simple-medium	any	medium	default	disable			
Application Filters							simple-low	any	low	default	disable			
X Services	•		strict	Predefined		Policies: 5	simple-critical	any	critical	reset-both	disable			
M Service Groups							simple-high	any	high	reset-both	disable			
V Tags							simple-medium	any	medium	reset-both	disable			
V 🔄 GlobalProtect							simple- informational	any	informational	default	disable			
HIP Objects							simple-low	any	low	default	disable			
HIP Profiles			TIDE sinkhole			Policies: 4	simple-critical	any	critical	default	disable			
External Dynamic Lists	0	-						simple-high	anv	high	default	disable		
V 🧔 Custom Objects		4					simple-medium	any	medium	default	disable			
Data Patterns							simple-low	any	low	default	disable			
Spyware							Simple for	uny	1011	deludit	ulaulic			
Vulnerability														
V Security Profiles														
Antivirus														
Anti-Spyware														
1 Vulnerability Protection	on •													
<b>WRL</b> Filtering														
File Blocking														
WildFire Analysis														
🕒 Data Filtering														
( DoS Protection														
log Security Profile Groups														
🛄 Log Forwarding														
Authentication		Ð	Add 😑 Delete	💿 Clone	PDF/	/CSV								

- 2. Click Add or Clone to create an entry.
  - a. Enter or modify the **Name**.
  - b. (Optional) Enter a **Description**.

Anti-Spyware Profile									
Name TIDE s	Name TIDE sinkhole								
Signature Policies Signatu	Signature Policies Signature Exceptions <b>DNS Policies</b> DNS Exceptions Inline Cloud Analysis								
DNS Policies									
Q				11 items $ ightarrow$ $ imes$					
SIGNATURE SOURCE		LOG SEVERITY	POLICY ACTION	PACKET CAPTURE					
<ul> <li>External Dynamic Lists</li> </ul>		- -		,					
TIDE domains list		medium	sinkhole	disable					
✓ : Palo Alto Networks Conte	ent								
default-paloalto-dns			sinkhole	disable					
✓ : DNS Security									
Ad Tracking Domains		default (informational)	sinkhole	disable					
Command and Control Do	omains	default (high)	sinkhole	disable					
Dynamic DNS Hosted Do	mains	default (informational)	sinkhole	disable					
Grayware Domains		default (low)	sinkhole	disable					
Malware Domains		default (medium)	sinkhole	disable					
Parked Domains		default (informational)	sinkhole	disable					
DNS Sinkhole Settings									
Sinkhole IPv4 Palo	Alto Networks Sinkhole IP (sink	hole.paloaltonetworks.com)		$\sim$					
Sinkhole IPv6	Sinkhole IPv6 Loopback IP (::1)								
Block DNS Record Types									
SVCB		HTTPS		ANY					

- c. Click on the **DNS Policies** tab to verify the **domain** list entered previously. In this example, it is the TIDE domains list.
- d. Select the Action on DNS queries to sinkhole.
- e. Select the sinkhole IPv4 and sinkhole IPv6 addresses.
- f. Select the DNS record types to block.
- g. Click OK.
- 3. Click the **Commit** button.

Cancel

#### Creating a URL Filtering entry for the URL List

1. Navigate to **Objects**  $\rightarrow$  **Security Profiles**  $\rightarrow$  **URL Filtering**.

🚺 PA-VM		DASHBOARD	ACC	MONITOR	POLICIES	OBJECTS	NETWORK	DEVICE		Commit 🗸	ि ₽∓• Q
											G ?
Addresses		Q									1 item $ ightarrow  imes$
Reference Address Groups		NAME		LOCATION		SITE ACCES	s		USER CREDENTIAL SUBMISSION	HTTP HEADER INSERTION	
Regions		default		Predefined		Allow Categ	ories (59)		Allow Categories (75)		
Solution Dynamic User Groups						Alert Catego	ories (5)		Alert Categories (0)		
Applications	•					Continue Ca	ategories (0)		Continue Categories (0)		
Application Groups						Block Catego	ories (11)		Block Categories (0)		
Application Filters						Override Ca	tegories (0)				
Service Groups											
Tags											
Devices											
✓											
HIP Objects											
HIP Profiles											
🔞 External Dynamic Lists											
V 6 Custom Objects											
Data Patterns	1										
反 Spyware											
🔃 Vulnerability											
G URL Category											
<ul> <li>Security Profiles</li> </ul>											
Antivirus	•										
Anti-Spyware	•										
Ulnerability Protection	on •										
URL Filtering	0										

- 2. Click Add or Clone to create an entry.
  - a. Add a **Name** for the entry.
  - b. (Optional) Enter a **Description**.
  - c. Scroll down the list to the entry name created previously. The entry will have a + sign appended to it.
  - d. Select the Action for this entry. Choices are block, alert, allow, continue, override, or none.

#### e. Click OK.

JRL Filtering Profile							
Name TIDE URL Test							
	Description						
Categories URL Filtering Settings User Credential Detection HTTP Header Insertion Inline Categorization							
Q				76 items $ ightarrow$ $ ightarrow$			
CATEGORY SITE ACCESS SUBMISSION							
✓ External D	ynamic URL Lists						
ITIDE UR	L list +		allow	allow			
✓ Pre-define	ed Categories		·				
abortion		allow	allow				
abused-c	drugs	allow	allow				
adult	allow	allow					
alcohol-and-tobacco allow allow							

 $^{\ast}$  indicates a custom URL category, + indicates external dynamic list

Check URL Category

OK Cancel

3. Click the **Commit** button.

#### **Create the Security Policies**

- 1. Navigate to **Policies**  $\rightarrow$  **Security**.
- 2. Click Add or Clone to create the entry for the IP list.
  - a. Enter a **Name** for the policy.
  - b. Enter a **rule type** or use the default.
  - c. (Optional) Enter a **Description**.

d. (Optional) enter Tags.

Security Policy	curity Policy Rule							
General Source	e Destination Application Service/URL Category Actions							
Name	IP-List-1							
Rule Type	universal (default)	$\sim$						
Description								
Tags		$\sim$						
Group Rules By Tag	None	$\sim$						
Audit Comment								
	Audit Comment Archive							

e. Click on the **Source** tab.

- f. Add a **Source Zone**. In this example, the trust zone is entered.
- g. Click on the **Destination** tab.

Security Policy Rule							
General Source Destination Application Service/	URL Category Actions						
select V	Any	any 🗸					
DESTINATION ZONE	DESTINATION ADDRESS						
Z minternet	TIDE IP List	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
+ Add O Delete	🕂 Add 😑 Delete	↔ Add ⊖ Delete					
	Negate						
		OK Cancel					

- h. Add a **Destination zone** and **Destination address**. In this example the zone is untrust and the destination address is the IP External Dynamic List.
- i. Click on the Actions tab.
- j. In the Action Setting section, select the action. In this example, drop action was selected.

OK Cancel

Security Policy Rule				0
General   Source   Destination   Application   Service/URLCategory   Actions				
Action Setting		Log Setting		
Action Drop	$\sim$		Log at Session Start	
Send ICMP Unreachable			Log at Session End	
		Log Forwarding	None	$\sim$
		Other Settings		
Profile Setting		Schedule	None	~
Profile Type None	$\sim$	QoS Marking	None	~
			Disable Server Response Inspection	
				OK Cancel

- k. Click OK.
- 3. Click Add or Clone to create an entry for the domain and URL lists.
  - a. Enter a Name for the policy.
  - b. Enter a **rule type** or use the default.
  - c. (Optional) Enter a **Description**.
  - d. (Optional) Enter Tags.
  - e. Click on the Source tab. Add a Source Zone. In this example, the trust zone is entered.

Security Policy Rule			0
General <b>Source</b> Destination Applica	ation Service/URL Category Actions		
Any	🔽 Any	any 🗸	any v
SOURCE ZONE	SOURCE ADDRESS A	SOURCE USER A	
internal			
🕀 Add 😑 Delete	🕀 Add \ominus Delete	🕀 Add 😑 Delete	🕀 Add 😑 Delete
	Negate		

f. Click on the **Destination** tab.

OK Cancel

g. Add a **destination zone**. In this example the untrust zone is entered.

select	Any	any	
	DESTINATION ADDRESS	DESTINATION DEVICE A	
Internet internet	~		
🕂 Add 🕞 Delete	(+) Add (-) Delete	H Add Delete	
	Negate		

- h. Click on the **Actions** tab.
- i. Select **allow** for the action setting to allow.
- j. Select the entry for the Anti-Spyware and URL Filtering.

Security Policy Rule					0
General Source D	Destination Application Service/URL Category	Actions			
Action Setting			Log Setting		
Action	Allow	~		Log at Session Start	
	Send ICMP Unreachable			Log at Session End	
Profile Setting			Log Forwarding	None	~
Profile Type	Profiles	~	Other Settings		
Antivirus	default	~	Schedule	None	$\sim$
Vulnerability Protection	default	~	QoS Marking	None	~
Anti-Souware		~		Disable Server Response Inspection	
Anti-Spyware					
URL Filtering	TIDE ORL lest	~			
File Blocking	None	~			
Data Filtering	None	$\sim$			
WildFire Analysis	default	~			
					OK Cancel

- k. Click OK.
- 4. Place these policies in the following order; IP policy first and Anti-spyware & URL Filtering second.
- 5. Click the **Commit** button.

## Showing the contents of each list

1. **SSH** to the Palo Alto Networks firewall.

- 2. Run the following **command** to show the IP list: request system external-list show type ip name < ip list name>.
  - You should see something like this:

```
TIDE IP List
       Total valid entries
                                : 100
       Total ignored entries
                                : 0
                                : 0
       Total invalid entries
       Total displayed entries : 100
       Valid ips:
                104.243.249.62
                52.3.8.179
                35.227.56.199
                140.82.34.250
                194.180.48.36
                91.228.225.46
                18.142.174.21
                52.66.26.57
                81.68.214.187
                81.68.127.212
                43.198.97.153
```

- 3. Run the following **command** to show the contents of the domain list: request system external-list show type domain name <domain list name>.
  - The output should look like this:



- 4. Run the following command to show the contents of the URL list: request system external-list show type url name <url list name>.
  - The output should look like this:

TIDE URL list		
Total	valid entries	: 100
Total	ignored entries	: 0
Total	invalid entries	: 0
Total	displayed entries	: 100
Valid	urls:	
	<pre>gweastradoc.com</pre>	
	connectzoomdownl	load.com/download/zoominstaller.exe
	<pre>guerdofest.com/c</pre>	ate.php
	connectzoomdownl	load.com/download/zoominstaller.exe
	zoom.voyage/dowr	load/zoom.exe
	jirostrogud.com	
	hiperfdhaus.com	

#### **Test the Policies**

- 1. To test the IP list, run either ping on traceroute. You should not get any response from either command except for a timeout.
- 2. To test the domain list, run either nslookup or dig against an entry in the domain list.
  - You should get the following output. Notice the IP address? It is the default sinkhole address.

```
sc-m-tlee:~ administrator$ dig dpacpartbulkyf.com
; <<>> DiG 9.8.5-P1 <<>> dpacpartbulkyf.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 1618
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;dpacpartbulkyf.com.
                                IN
                                        А
;; ANSWER SECTION:
                                                71.19.152.112
dpacpartbulkyf.com.
                        1
                                IN
                                        Α
;; Query time: 1 msec
;; SERVER: 10.60.192.2#53(10.60.192.2)
;; WHEN: Wed Jan 11 09:43:54 PST 2017
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 52
```

3. To test the URL list, open a browser and browse to an entry in the URL list.

4. You should get similar output. The output below came from a Google Chrome browser.



## infoblox.

Infoblox unites networking and security to deliver unmatched performance and protection. Trusted by Fortune 100 companies and emerging innovators, we provide real-time visibility and control over who and what connects to your network, so your organization runs faster and stops threats earlier.

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